

10th November, 2016. Library hall in Ibaraki University, Mito

= Oral presentation program =

10:00-10:10 Opening by Prof. Nobuo Mimura, President of Ibaraki University

10:10-10:20 Greeting by Mr. Sunil Ferix, French Embassy

10:20-10:40 Review of ISET-R study for Fukushima environmental radioactivity issues and expectation for collaboration with IRSN activities, by Dr. Yasuhito Igarashi, MRI

10:40-11:00 IRSN research activities on Fukushima environmental radioactivity issues by Dr. Olivier Masson, IRSN

11:00-11:20 Predictions of the ambient dose equivalent rates for 30 years following the Fukushima Daiichi nuclear power plant accident, by Dr. Sakae Kinase, Ibaraki Univ./ JAEA

11:20-11:40 Physical property change of radioactive Cesium Granular released from NPP, by Prof. Kenji Kikuchi, Ibaraki Univ.

11:40-12:00 Development of a gamma-ray imaging Compton camera (γ) for monitoring radioactive cesium due to the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant accident, by Dr. Mika Kagaya, Ibaraki Univ.

(12:00-12:30 Poster presentation 1)

(12:30-13:30 Lunch time)

13:30-13:50 Radiostromtium monitoring of bivalves from the Pacific coast of eastern Japan, by Dr. Zin'ichi Karube, Ibaraki Univ.

13:50-14:10 Tillage can reduce the radiocesium contamination of soybean after the Fukushima Daiichi nuclear power plant accident, by Prof. Masakazu Komatsuzaki, Ibaraki Univ.

14:10-14:30 Cycling of particulate pollutants between the atmosphere and terrestrial compartment, by Dr. Olivier Masson, IRSN

14:30-14:50 Resuspension of microorganisms from plant canopies at low wind friction velocities: a difference between the living and the inert?, by Dr. Maro Denis, IRSN (presented by Dr. Olivier Masson)

14:50-15:10 Variation of atmospheric activity concentration of radiocesium and its possible atmosphere-biosphere cycling, by Prof. Kazuyuki Kita, Ibaraki Univ.

(break)

15:30-15:50 Atmospheric transfers modeling activities: goals and results based on the Fukushima case, by Dr. Damien Didier, IRSN

15:50-16:10 Model studies in SAKURA project, by Dr. Tsuyoshi Thomas Sekiyama, MRI

- 16:10-16:30 Model inter-comparison study on atmospheric ^{137}Cs from the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant accident, by Dr. Yu Morino, NIES
- 16:30-16:50 Radiocesium concentration of fishes and aquatic insects inhabiting the small mountain streams of evacuation instruction areas in Fukushima Pref., by Prof. Ryoji Nakazato, Ibaraki Univ
- 16:50-17:10 Current status and future direction of atmospheric environmental research on the 1F accident, by Dr. Toshimasa Ohara, NIES Fukushima office

(17:10-17:40) Poster Presentation 2

=Poster Presentations=

- P1. Prediction of ambient dose equivalent rates in the early phase of the Fukushima accident, Mr. Fumiya Honda, Ibaraki Univ.
- P2. Development of a scintillator-based Compton camera for gamma-ray imaging under high dose-rate environments, Mr. Wataru Sato, Ibaraki Univ.
- P3. Development of a high-sensitive all-sky gamma-ray Compton camera consisting of four scintillation counters, Mr. Ryo Wakamatsu, Ibaraki Univ.
- P4. Geographic Survey and Environmental Assessment of Radioactive Contamination in North Area of Ibaraki Prefecture, by Prof. Terumi INAGAKI, Ibaraki Univ.
- P5. Possible circulation of radiocesium between the atmosphere and vegetation, by Mr. Takuya Nishioka, Ibaraki Univ.
- P6. Radioactive Cs-rich particles emitted to the atmosphere by Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant accident, by Dr. Kouji Adachi, MRI.
- P7. Comparison of Radio Cesium contamination and nutrients change in leaf composting. by Mr. Mohammad Ismail Moqbal, Ibaraki Univ.
- P8. Remediation of bamboo forest and utilization of radioactive cesium contaminated bamboo chip as a composting material following the FDNPP accident, by Mr. Jasintha Jayasanka, Ibaraki Univ.
- P9. Radio cesium contamination changes in bamboo forest after FDNPP accident, by Mr. Keito Namatame, Ibaraki Univ.